

37.Social Work Service

These forms are designed to be used by both hospital personnel and external surveyors. The following information must be provided after each survey, before submitting the completed survey forms.

1.NAME OF HOSPITAL/CLINIC/FACILITY:

2. BASELINE/INTERNAL SURVEY INFORMATION:

Title and name of person who completed this document: _____

Post and position held: ____

Date of survey: _

3. EXTERNAL SURVEY INFORMATION:

Name of external surveyor: _

Date of external survey: __

GUIDE TO COMPLETION OF FORM

N.B. Hospital staff are please to use BLACK ink at all times. The external surveyors are requested to use RED ink at all times.

Please circle the rated compliance with the criterion, e.g. NA (Not applicable), NC (Non-compliant), PC (Partially compliant), C (Compliant).

The default category affected is designated on the form for

each criterion as follows:

- 1. patient and staff safety
- 2. legality
- 3. patient care
- 4. efficiency
- 5. structure
- 6. basic management
- 7. basic process
- 8. evaluation

The seriousness of the default is designated on the form for each criterion as follows:

- 1. mild
- 2. moderate
- 3. serious
- 4. very serious

Documents Checked

Surveyor:

Surveyor:

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37.Social Work Service

37.1 Management of the Service

37.1.1 Standard

The social work service is managed to ensure the provision of a safe and effective service.

Standard Intent: Departmental and service managers are primarily responsible for ensuring that the mission of the organisation is met through the provision of management and leadership at departmental level. Good departmental or service performances require clear leadership from a suitably qualified individual. The responsibilities of each staff member in the department are defined in writing; each one signs their own document to show that they are in agreement with their job description/performance agreement. Documents prepared by each department define its goals, as well as identifying current and planned services. Lines of communication within each department are documented to ensure clear accountability.

Departmental policies and procedures are essential. They give the personnel the guidance they require to carry out the functions of the department and it is important that there is a system for making sure that departmental policies and procedures are known, understood and implemented. Policies may be standardised for similar departments or be unique to the particular department. They need to be available, indexed, signed and dated; they also need the authority of the organisational leaders.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 37.1.1.1	A designated individual is responsible for the social work service.	
Critical:		
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.1.1.2	The social work service	
Critical:	manager ensures that policies and procedures are available to guide the personnel and that they are implemented.	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.1.1.3	The manager plans and	
Critical:	implements an effective organisational structure to support his/her	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency		
Compliance	responsibilities and authority.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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Criterion 37.1.1.4	The responsibilities of the manager are defined in writing.	
Critical:		
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 37.1.1.5	The manager ensures that there is a documented wellness programme in place for the staff within the department.	
Critical:		
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 2 Moderate		

37.2 Facilities and Equipment

37.2.1 Standard

The service has adequate facilities and serviceable equipment to meet the treatment needs of the population served.

Standard Intent: Departmental managers need to work closely with organisational managers to ensure that facilities and equipment are adequate. Departmental managers keep organisational managers informed of inadequate facilities, additional equipment requirements and the current state of facilities and equipment.

	Criterion	Comments Recommendations
Criterion 37.2.1.1	There is adequate space for	
Critical:	social workers to treat patients effectively.	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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Criterion 37.2.1.2 Critical: Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct Compliance NA PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	Adequate and relevant equipment and consumables are available to provide an effective service.	
Criterion 37.2.1.3 Critical: Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 3	There is adequate space for the storage of equipment and consumables.	
Criterion 37.2.1.4 Critical: > Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very	Privacy is ensured through private, soundproof rooms.	

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37.3 Policies and Procedures

37.3.1 Standard

Policies and procedures guide the management and patient care in the department.

Standard Intent: As indicated in 37.1.1, departmental policies and procedures are essential to give personnel the guidance they require to carry out the functions of the department. It is important that there is a system for making sure that departmental policies and procedures are known, understood and implemented. Policies may be standardised for similar departments or be unique to the particular department. They need to be available, indexed, signed and dated; they also need to be authorised by the organisational leaders.

Clinical policies and procedures guide professional personnel in providing uniform care to patients. Clinical guidelines are frequently helpful and may be included in the process. Monitoring provides the information needed to ensure that the policies and procedures are adequately implemented and followed for all relevant patients and services.

It is particularly important that the policies or procedures indicate:

- 'how planning will occur
- the documentation required for the care team to work effectively
- special consent considerations
- monitoring requirements
- special qualifications or skills of the personnel involved in the care process.

Policies and procedures should focus on the following:

- referral systems
- patient assessment
- liaison with relevant role-players, and
- the confidentiality of patient information.

	Criterion	Comments Recommendations	
Criterion 37.3.1.1	Policies and procedures that		
Critical:	guide the personnel in the		
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency	management and clinical aspects of the social work service are implemented.		
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			
Criterion 37.3.1.2	Policies and procedures are		
Critical:	signed by persons authorised to do so.		
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency			
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			

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Criterion 37.3.1.3 Critical: Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 3	Policies and procedures are compiled into a comprehensive manual, which is indexed and easily accessible to all staff members.	
Serious		
Criterion 37.3.1.4	Each policy and procedure is reviewed.	
Critical:		
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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37.4 Coordination of Patient Care

37.4.1 Standard

The delivery of services is integrated and coordinated amongst care providers.

Standard Intent: The coordination of patient care depends on the exchange of information between the members of the multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary team. This can be through verbal, written or electronic means according to appropriate policies determined by the organisation. Clinical leaders should use techniques to better integrate and coordinate care for their patients (for example, team-delivered care, multi-departmental patient care rounds, combined care planning forums, integrated patient records, case managers).

The patient, family and others are included in the decision process when appropriate.

The patient's record contains a history of all care provided by the multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary team and is made available to all relevant caregivers who are authorised to have access to its content.

Establishing goal-orientated rehabilitation in a general hospital setting can be very difficult. One of the two models below may be used, or they may be combined:

1. Multidisciplinary teams consist of various professionals treating the patient separately, usually with discipline-specific goals. Patient progress with regard to each discipline is communicated through documentation or at meetings for information exchange.

2. In the interdisciplinary model, each professional evaluates the patient and then interacts with the other professionals involved at team meetings where assessments are shared and goals are established. A unique rehabilitation plan is then developed. When this approach is used, the result is greater than just the total of the various components.

Rehabilitation has been defined as the development of a person to his or her fullest physical, psychological, social, vocational and educational potential, consistent with his or her impairment and the environmental limitations.

It usually requires five sub-components:

- a unique patient-centred plan, formulated by the patient and the rehabilitation team
- the establishment of achievable goals
- patient participation to reach those goals
- this should result in the person reaching his/her potential, and
- outcomes need to be measured/demonstrated.

	Crite	erion	Comments
			Recommendations
Criterion 37.4.1.1		ere is a	
Critical:		Iltidisciplinary/interdisciplin	
Catg: Basic Process + Patie	ent Care dev	velopment and	
Compliance		plementation of a prapeutic programme.	
NA NC PC	C	apeulie programme.	
Default Severity for NC or P Very Serious	C = 4		

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Criterion 37.4.1.2	The team consists of appropriately qualified	
Critical:	personnel, including	
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency	representatives from the medical, nursing, social work,	
Compliance	physiotherapy, occupational therapy, clinical psychology	
NA NC PC C	and other disciplines,	
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	departments or services, as appropriate.	
Criterion 37.4.1.3	The team members'	
Critical:	responsibilities include the development and	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	implementation of a	
Compliance	comprehensive, individualised care plan for	
NA NC PC C	each patient, based on the	
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	assessment of the patient.	
Criterion 37.4.1.4	The team conducts periodic	
Critical:	re-evaluation of each	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	established goals are being	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C	or have been met and whether change in the	
	patient's condition requires	
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	modification of goals.	
Criterion 37.4.1.5	The team includes the patient	
Critical:	and his/her family in the	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	development and review of the care plan, as appropriate.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.4.1.6	The	
Critical:	multidisciplinary/interdisciplin	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	ary team meets regularly to coordinate patient care.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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37.4.2 Standard

All patients treated by social workers have their healthcare needs identified through an established assessment process.

Standard Intent: The assessment process needs to be planned and implemented to provide uniform assessments for all patients. Guidelines aid the implementation of uniform assessment processes. These are often available from the professional society. The assessment process will be modified to meet the needs of each patient.

Regular re-assessments of patients ensure that the continuing care plans are suited to the needs of the patients and are essential to justify the treatment plans and on-going care.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 37.4.2.1	Only those individuals	
Critical:	permitted by applicable laws	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance	and regulations or by registration perform the assessments.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.4.2.2	The findings of assessments	
Critical:	performed outside the organisation are verified on admission.	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 37.4.2.3	Patients are re-assessed at	
Critical: D	intervals appropriate to their conditions, care plans, individual needs or according to organisational policies and procedures.	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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37.4.3 Standard

The care provided to each patient is planned and written in the patient's record.

Standard Intent: Professional personnel have a responsibility to ensure that they are employing up-to-date methods for diagnosis and management, which are broadly consistent with those of other practitioners of the same profession.

Clinical practice guidelines provide a means for improving quality and they assist practitioners and patients in making clinical decisions. Guidelines are found in the literature under many names, including practice parameters, practice guidelines, patient care protocols, and standards of practice. Regardless of the source, the scientific basis of guidelines should be reviewed and approved by organisational leaders and clinical practitioners before implementation. This ensures that they meet the criteria established by the leaders and are adapted to the community, patient needs and organisational resources. Once implemented, guidelines are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure their continued relevance.

Adequate medical records are essential for maintaining continuity of care, professional development and medico-legal protection.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 37.4.3.1	Clinical practice guidelines,	
Critical:	relevant to the patients and services of the organisation,	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	are used to guide patient care	
Compliance	processes.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.4.3.2	The implementation of	
Critical:	guidelines is monitored as part of a structured clinical audit.	
Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.4.3.3	Guidelines are reviewed and	
Critical:	adapted on a regular basis after implementation.	
Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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37.5 Patient and Family Education

37.5.1 Standard

Education supports patient and family participation in care decisions and processes.

Standard Intent: Learning occurs when attention is paid to the methods used to educate patients and families. The organisation selects appropriate educational methods and people to provide the education.

Staff collaboration helps to ensure that the information patients and families receive is comprehensive, consistent and as effective as possible.

Education is focused on the specific knowledge and skills that the patient and his or her family will need to make care decisions, participate in care and continue care at home.

Variables like educational literacy, beliefs and limitations are taken into account. Each organisation decides the placement and format for educational assessment, planning and delivery of information in the patient's record.

Education is provided to support care decisions of patients and families. In addition, when a patient or family directly participates in providing care, for example, changing dressings, feeding and administration, they need to be educated.

It is sometimes important that patients and families are made aware of any financial implications associated with care choices, such as choosing to remain an inpatient rather than being an outpatient.

Education in areas that carry high risk to patients is routinely provided by the organisation, for instance, instructions in the safe and effective use of medications and medical equipment.

Community organisations that support health promotion and disease prevention education are identified and, when possible, on-going relationships are established.

The service has a range of health promotion information materials and resources specific to the particular patient population. Health information provided is recorded to ensure follow-up and to reduce medico-legal risks.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 37.5.1.1	Patients and families indicate	
Critical:	that they have been informed about participation in the care	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 2 Moderate		
Criterion 37.5.1.2	Patients and families indicate	
Critical:	that they have been informed about any financial	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	implications of care decisions.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 2 Moderate		

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Criterion :				Interaction between	
Critical:			personnel, the patient and the family is noted in the patient's		
Catg: Basi	c Proces	s + Pat	ient Care		
Compliance					
NA	NC	PC	С		
Default Se Serious	verity for	NC or I	PC = 3		

37.6 Quality Improvement

37.6.1 Standard

A formalised proactive quality improvement approach is maintained in the service.

Standard Intent: This refers to the implementation of organisational quality improvement processes (Service Element 8).

It is the responsibility of management of the organisation to ensure that standards are set throughout the organisation. Within each department or service, it is the responsibility of managers to ensure that standards are set for the particular department. This requires coordination with the organisation's central/management/coordinating quality management structures or systems. Departmental managers use available data and information to identify priority areas for quality monitoring and improvement.

Quality monitoring could include:

patient assessment

b) the success of social work procedures carried out c) the availability, contents and use of patient records d) patient and family expectations and satisfaction.

- The following will be evaluated:
- problems identified in this service for which quality improvement activities were initiated the processes put in place to resolve the problems
- identification of indicators to measure improvement
- the tool(s) used to evaluate these indicators
- the monitoring of these indicators and corrective steps taken when goals were not achieved, and
- graphed and/or tabled results, as appropriate.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 37.6.1.1	There are formalised quality	
Critical:	improvement processes for the service that have been	
Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency	developed and agreed upon	
Compliance	by the personnel of the service.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 37.6.1.2 Critical: Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	Indicators of performance are identified to evaluate the quality of treatment and patient care.	
Criterion 37.6.1.3 Critical: Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	The quality improvement cycle includes the monitoring and evaluation of the standards set and the remedial action implemented.	
Criterion 37.6.1.4 Critical: Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious Very Serious	A documentation audit system is in place.	

37.7 Patient Rights

37.7.1 Standard

The department/service implements processes that support patient and family rights during care.

Standard Intent: This refers to the implementation of organisational policies on patient and family rights (Service Element 5). Compliance will be verified during observation of patient care processes, patient record audits and patient interviews.

		Criterion	Comments
			Recommendations
Criterion 37.7.1.1		There are processes that	
Critical:		support patient and family rights during care.	
Catg: Basic Process +	Patient Care		
Compliance)		
NA NC PO	c c		
Default Severity for NC Very Serious	or PC = 4		

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Criterion 37.7.1.2 Critical: ^{···} Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	Measures are taken to protect the patient's privacy, person and possessions.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.7.1.3	The personnel respect the rights of patients and families to treatment and to refuse	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	treatment.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

37.8 Prevention and Control of Infection

37.8.1 Standard

The department/service implements infection prevention and control processes.

Standard Intent: This refers to the implementation of organisational processes for infection prevention and control (Service Element 9).

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 37.8.1.1	The department identifies the	
Critical:	procedures and processes associated with the risk of infection and implements strategies to reduce risk.	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.8.1.2	Infection control processes	
Critical:	include prevention of the spread of communicable	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	diseases	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 37.8.1.3	Infection control processes	
Critical:	include prevention of the spread of	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	infection related to equipment.	
Compliance	oderbuildere	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

37.9 Risk Management

37.9.1 Standard

The department/service implements risk management processes.

Standard Intent: This refers to the implementation of organisational risk management processes (Service Element 7).

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 37.9.1.1	Fire safety measures are	
Critical:	implemented.	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 37.9.1.2	The organisation's policy on	
Critical:	handling, storing and disposing of healthcare waste	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	is implemented.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		